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PORTER LEAFLETS

v.1, nos. 1-12

March 1896-June 1897

Published and edited by Eben Putnam
Salem, Mass.
1896-97

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Porter Leaflets.

Devoted to the history and genealogy of the Porters everywhere and of whatever family.

VOL. I. *March.* SALEM, MASS. 1896. No. 1.

Published and edited by EBEN PUTNAM. \$1 per annum.

THIS the initial number is sent to you as a specimen copy.

From necessity a good portion of our space has been devoted to explaining the reason for the existence of the LEAFLETS. In future numbers the space so taken in this issue will be occupied by facts of interest to Porters.

There are more or less easily obtainable, two or three printed genealogies of as many Porter families, that of John Porter of Windsor is the most extensive. These genealogies do not by any means cover all the different Porter stocks in America.

The list of 4000 addresses of Porters gathered by the publisher contains descendants of others than the New England emigrants, and no Porter need fear to subscribe upon the ground that the LEAFLETS will be devoted to any one, two or three families. The object is to gather and print information concerning all of the Porter emigrants and their descendants. A goodly number of subscribers is needed. We shall begin by printing twelve pages monthly as in the present issue. If a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained that number will be increased.

Help the LEAFLETS by subscribing; by mentioning it to others; by sending bits of family gossip or genealogical history, clippings from newspapers and in fact by becoming a constant contributor to the LEAFLETS. Upon the remaining pages of the cover will be found further information pertaining to the issue. As will be seen the Danvers family have taken the lead in arousing interest in the family genealogy.

A series of the LEAFLETS covering several years will contain material for an exhaustive history of the Porters. Such a series will be invaluable to all bearing the name.

Opportunity will be taken from time to time to correct misstatements in the Genealogies already published, therefore notice of any such is especially requested.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

This publication is undertaken with the consent and approbation of the executive committee of the Porter family association,

and the committee appointed to print the proceedings at that reunion.

In order that the proceedings may be had entire and separate from the LEAFLETS the following plan will be adopted.

The LEAFLETS for the present will consist of 12 pages: of which the outside four will form a cover to the inside and be paged separately. These will form a part of the Leaflets proper. Inside will be a fold of eight or more pages, numbered consecutively, which will contain the Proceedings, addresses, etc., and which when completed can be separated from the outer folds without damage to either, or destroying the consecutive pagination of either, and be bound up in one volume, as the "PROCEEDINGS OF THE PORTER FAMILY ASSOCIATION AT DANVERS, JULY, 1895."

The price of the Proceedings together with the LEAFLETS will be \$1 per annum. It is expected, then, at the end of the year, that each subscriber will have a volume of "Proceedings" of at least fifty pages, illustrated, and a volume of the LEAFLETS of at least seventy-two pages, profnely illustrated. Cloth covers well be supplied to subscribers at 25c. each in which to bind the separate volumes. The Leaflets, the second and subsequent years, will form a volume of at least a hundred pages, probably many more.

In order to make this publication an assured success you are requested to send your subscription of one dollar for the first year's LEAFLETS (including the "Proceedings"); also to contribute any items of genealogical or historical interest to Porters. Moreover in order to perpetuate the Porter type and physical characteristics, to future generations you are requested to forward photographs of any or all of your Porter relatives, and if agreeable you are requested to order the insertion of one or more in the LEAFLETS, the only expense being that of the (half tone) cut, which will cost \$3 per subject. It is necessary to rely upon individual subscriptions toward the cost of illustration. The publisher will at his own expense prepare many illustrations of old homesteads, historic sites, etc. To those who have seen either the Putnam or Balch Leaflets, no further description of this new publication is needed. To others the publisher will be pleased to supply any information in his power.

The publication will embrace all Porter families, not merely descendants of John Porter of Danvers.

It is hoped the subscription will be liberal enough to enable the publisher, who assumes the whole expense, to supply more than eight or twelve pages; sixteen pages is the size desired.

Address all orders to the publisher,

EBEN PUTNAM, Box 301, SALEM, MASS.
(A descendant of John Porter of Windsor.)

We, a committee appointed at the meeting July 17, 1895, of the Porter family, at Danvers, to revise, edit, and publish the Proceedings of that meeting, heartily concur with and recommend the publication of a series of "Porter Leaflets." Mr Eben Putnam, the publisher, is identified with Danvers and is thoroughly competent to carry through such a publication as he describes above. He is the editor and publisher of Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine, Putnam Leaflets, Balch Leaflets, author of the History of the Putnam Family in England and America, and editor of the "History of the families of John, Christopher and William Osgood, Military and Naval Annals of Danvers, etc., etc.; a member of the N. E. Historic-genealogical Society, Essex Institute, Danvers Historical Society, Topsfield Historical Society, New Brunswick Historical Society, S. A. R., etc., and a genealogist of ability, with much experience in the publication of historical and genealogical works.

(Signed,) JOHN WELCH PORTER,
Member of Essex Bar.

EZRA DODGE HINES,
Asst. Registrar of Probate, Essex County.

ALDEN PERLEY WHITE,
District Attorney, Essex County.

OLD PAPERS, DOCUMENTS, ETC.

Members of the family or others, having in their possession letters of date prior to 1800, old deeds, family records, old commissions, prints, muster-rolls, etc., etc., are requested to send copies of the same to the Editor, that mention may be made of them. If originals are sent, they will be returned if desired, or placed in the collection with similar documents.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS

have been made so that subscribers to the LEAFLETS who wish to join any of the patriotic hereditary societies and need sundry facts verified may have such work done in the most careful manner and at the least possible expense.

Information regarding membership qualifications in such societies gladly given, as well as helpful advice as how to proceed. Be sure to enclose return postage.

NOTES AND QUERIES.

Open to all. Be concise in your statements and always enclose 4c. in postage stamps with each query. Queries may cover other families than Porters and each query will be reprinted in the succeeding issue of Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine, thus giving an exceedingly wide range of readers from whom help may be obtained. Do not forget the postage stamps.

SOME FACTS WE SHALL PRINT.

Porters in war. List of soldiers and sailors, bearing the name, with brief abstract of service, in all of the wars: Indian, Colonial, Revolutionary, National, and the war between the States.

Porters in peace, as educators, statesmen, ministers, inventors, lawyers, physicians, etc.

Porter settlements, showing the migrations of the various families from place to place, with brief historical sketches of the more important settlements.

Porter characteristics, mental, physical, moral. Much data is at hand; living Porters are requested to help in obtaining facts for this department.

Porter mansions. Descriptions of the builders, and owners, etc., etc.

Porter farms and their occupants. Information requested.

Porter portraits. We shall reproduce all sent to us if the senders will but pay cost (\$3) and enclose sketch of the career of the subject. We will reproduce ancient portraits at our own expense. Help make our "Porter Gallery" of interest and value.

Porter gossip. What we hear and read about Porters, including births, marriages and deaths. Clippings from papers relating to Porters will be welcomed by the editor.

Porter Leaflets.

Devoted to the History and Genealogy of the Porters everywhere and of whatever family.

VOL. I. April. SALEM, MASS. 1896. No. 2.
Published and edited by EBEN PUTNAM. \$1 per annum. Single numbers 10 cts.

PORTERS IN THE REVOLUTION.

From Mass. Archives.

Aaron, of Beverly, private and corporal, Capt. Bryant's Co., Col. Crane's regiment, enl. 14 May, 1777, for three yrs. Prisoner, Sept. 1777. On parole, Oct., 1777. In service, 1778.

Aaron, of —, in Abijah Rowell's Co., 6 July, 1775.

Aaron, of Boxford, aged 27, 5 ft. 8 in., light complexion; in service, 15 June, 1780, on ship Junius Brutus, Capt. John Leach.

Abel, of Northampton, enl. 1 May, 1775; 8 months service (siege of Boston), Capt. Allen, Col. Fellows.

Abel, of —, corporal, enl. for 3 years, 6 March, 1777, R. I. service, Capt. Savage, Col. Sherburne.

Abel, of —, Capt. Longley, Col. Whitcomb.

Abner, of —, enl. for defence of Castle and Governor's Island, Boston Harbor, 1781-5; Capt. Cushing.

Abraham, of Ipswich, enl. for 3 years, 17 Feb., 1778. Capt. Burnham, Col. Jackson.

Abraham, of Berks. Co., sergeant, enl. 11 July; dis. 27 July, 1777, Capt. Norton; reënlisted 13 March, 1783.

Alexander, enl. 6 July, 1775, Capt. Rowell's Co.

(To be continued.)

NOTES.

Miss Martha A. Porter, Secretary of the Porter Association, should be addressed at Salem, Mass.

Isaac N. Dyer as printed in No. I, should be Isaac W. Dyer.

Mr. Dyer writes: "I approve very heartily of the Porter Leaflets."

Abel Porter of Boston was a merchant in the Virginia trade in 1677. He shipped sugar, molasses, salt, wine, rum, shoes, powder, lime juice, and received tobacco.

PORTER PEDIGREE OF MRS. JULIA BARNES OF DULUTH, MINN.

Lieut. Joseph Judson, son of William, born in England, 1619; died Oct. 8, 1690; married Oct. 24, 1644, Sarah, daughter of John Porter of Windsor, Conn.

John Judson, born Dec. 10, 1647; died in Woodbury, Jan. 12, 1709; married, first, Elizabeth Chapman, March 12, 1673; married, second, Hannah —, 1693; married, third, Mary Orton, July, 1699.

Jonathan Judson, born 1684; died in Woodbury, May 16, 1727; married Mary Mitehell, August 22, 1711.

Elijah Judson, born July 30, 1721; married April 28, 1740, Sarah Hollister.

Jonathan Judson, born Oct. 20, 1745; married Ruth Minor.

Sarah Judson, born April 5, 1772; died April 4, 1847, at Lima, New York; married Jonathan Hill, Feb. 9, 1792.

Truman Curtis Hill, born at Bethlehem, Conn., June 10, 1807; died at Ceresco, Mich., August 25, 1864; married May 24, 1840, Sally Howland, at Cape Vincent, New York. He was a graduate of Union College, N. Y., and was educated for the ministry. On account of a throat trouble, retired to a farm near Ceresco, Michigan, where he died. Left a widow and five children who still survive (1896).

Julia Matilda Hill, born March 23, 1842, at Holland Patent, N. Y.; married Lucien J. Barnes, June 12, 1862, at Kalamazoo, Mich. Lucien J. Barnes died at Duluth, Minn., June 18, 1890, leaving a widow and four children.

OLD PAPERS, DOCUMENTS, ETC.

Members of the family or others, having in their possession letters of date prior to 1800, old deeds, family records, old commissions, prints, muster-rolls, etc., etc., are requested to send copies of the same to the Editor, that mention may be made of them. If originals are sent, they will be returned if desired, or placed in the collection with similar documents.

Do not fail to send in your subscriptions at once. All subscriptions must begin with No. 1.

QUERY.

John Porter, born in Westmoreland county, Penn., 29 May, 1783. Who were his ancestors?

FROM BOSTON RECORDS.

Elizabeth, daughter of John and Eliz^h. Porter, died 21 April, 1709.

William Porter, died, æt. about 39, 15 April, 1711.

Capt. William Porter, died Aug., 1794, æt. 30. (*Mass. Magazine.*)

A son of Thomas Porter, buried 22 Apr., 1709.

OBITUARY.

(Porters everywhere are requested to send to the Leaflets notices of births, marriages and deaths.)

BENJAMIN E. PORTER OF LYNN.

Mr. Benjamin E. Porter, a member of the Essex Bar and of the insurance firm of Burrill & Porter, died in Lynn, Friday, Feb. 14, 1896. He was a native of North Sutton, N. H., was born Oct. 27, 1849, and had lived in Lynn since 1863. He was a member of the Lynn Common Council in 1877 and 1878, and a member of the school committee in 1882, 1886, and from 1893 to the time of his death. He was a member of the Republican city committee, treasurer of the Equitable Coöperative Bank and of the Odd Fellows' Hall Association, clerk of the First Universalist Church, a member of the Oxford club, a past grand of Bay State Lodge, I. O. O. F., and a member of Golden Fleece Lodge, F. A. M.

MISS ANN B. PORTER.

Miss Ann B. Porter of Salem, died at the Danvers asylum Monday, April —, 1896, at the age of 83 years and 9 days. She was a daughter of the late Elisha and Mary Porter.

HERBERT PORTER.

At Malden, April 12, 1896, Herbert Porter, 57 years 9 months.

PORTER PEDIGREE OF MRS. E. P. BAXTER, OF PORTLAND, ME.

1. John Porter, emigrant, born in Dorsetshire, Eng., about 1596; settled in Hingham, then moved to Salem about 1644. His wife's name was Mary —.
2. Samuel Porter, married Hannah, daughter of William and Elizabeth Dodge.
3. John Porter married Lydia, daughter of Henry Herrick and Lydia Woodbury.
4. Jonathan Porter married Lydia, daughter of Moses Tyler and (second wife) Ruth Perley.
5. Ruth Porter, daughter of Jonathan, married second husband, John Proctor.
6. Johnson Proctor, son of John Proctor and *Ruth Porter*, married Lydia Waters, daughter of Abel Waters and Hannah *Proctor*.
7. Abel Waters Proctor married Lydia Emerson, daughter of Mehetabel *Cummings* and Thomas Emerson.
8. Mehetabel Cummings Proctor, daughter of Abel Waters Proctor and Lydia Emerson, married James Phinny Baxter, of Portland, Me. Children by marriage.
9. Emily Poole Baxter, Percival Proctor Baxter, Madeline Cummings Baxter.

PERQUISITES OF A PORTER IN 900.

As the family name of Porter undoubtedly originated from the occupation or position of the progenitors of the Porter families, as door-keepers, not burden bearers, the following abstract of the laws promulgated by Howel Dda (Howell the Good) who became King of Old South Wales in 909, is interesting: It appears that the Porter was the fifth of the officers by custom. He was to have a handful of every small gift, such as fruit and eggs, and herrings, that entered the palace gate. He was also to have "the sow which he shall be able with one hand to lift by her bristles until her feet are as high as his knee." [Let some who bear the name try this and see what they could make out of this perquisite.] He was also to receive his land free, his food from the palace, and "any animal that came through the gate without a tail."

Adapted from the Green Bag.

Genealogical searches undertaken. Address Eben Putnam, Salem, Mass.

Porter Leaflets.

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VOL. I. *May,* SALEM, MASS. 1896 No. 3.

Published monthly and edited by EBEN PUTNAM. \$1 per annum. 10c per copy.

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GEORGE LORING PORTER.

DR. GEORGE LORING PORTER,

Of Bridgeport, Conn., was born at Concord, N. H., April 29, 1838. He is the son of George and Clarissa (Ayer) Porter; grandson of Isaac Porter, who was of the seventh generation from John Porter, who left England, April 25, 1645, upon the *Ann and Elizabeth*, and settled in Hingham, Mass.; also grandson of Peter Ayer, descended from Simond Ayer, who left England early in 1635, upon the *Increase*, and settled in Haverhill, Mass.

George Loring Porter was graduated from Brown University, Providence, A. M., in 1859. He read medicine with Dr. J. P. Daké, at Pittsburg, Pa., and Drs. Brinton and Da Costo, Philadelphia, Pa., M. D., in March, 1862, from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. On April 29, following, Dr. Porter passed the army medical examining board at Philadelphia, and was assigned to duty as a "proof candidate" at the general hospital at Strasburgh, Va., where he reported for duty to Major-General Banks, May 10, 1862. On the 25th of the same month, when the Union forces retreated down the Shenandoah Valley, Dr. Porter volunteered to remain with the sick and wounded, and was captured by Col. Ashby, of the Virginia cavalry; but General "Stonewall" Jackson at once placed him in charge of the hospital and requested him to care for the confederate wounded also. This was probably the first recognition of the right of medical officers to claim the protection of the rules of war governing non-belligerents in the War of the Rebellion. July 17, 1862, he was commissioned assistant surgeon, U. S. army, with the rank of first lieutenant. He was present at the battles of Cedar Mountain, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Brandy Station, Manassas Gap, Boonsboro (wounded in the left arm), Culpepper Court House, the Wilderness, and many others.

In referring to his services with the 5th U. S. cavalry, Captain Julius Mason, U. S. A., addressed the board of officers on staff brevets as follows: "During this time the regiment was engaged in many battles, losing heavily in killed and wounded. Assistant-Surgeon Porter's faithfulness to the sick and wounded is gratefully remembered by the officers

and men ; and his conspicuous gallantry during the battles of Upperville, Aldie, Gettysburg, Williamsburg, Funkstown, and Brandy Station, where he took the dead and wounded almost from the hands of the enemy, entitles him to the greatest praise and consideration. He was under my command during all the above mentioned battles, and for his gallant conduct, and faithful and intelligent services he is justly entitled to *a brevet captaincy and a brevet majority.*"

Dr. Porter was post surgeon at Washington arsenal from May, 1864, to May, 1867; was the only commissioned officer present at the burial of John Wilkes Booth ; had medical charge of the conspirators against President Lincoln, imprisoned in the old penitentiary building ; was present at the hanging of five of them, and accompanied the others to Tortugas.

Dr. Porter was brevetted captain and major March 13, 1865, for faithful, gallant, and meritorious service in the field during the War of the Rebellion. In May, 1867, he was ordered to report at St. Paul, Minn. Dr. Porter tendered his resignation, to take effect July 18, 1868, but as no medical officer had then reported, he continued on duty until the arrival of his successor ; then crossed the continent, on horse-back and alone, over the Lewis and Clark trail, returned to the Eastern states by the Isthmus route, and has been in the private practice of medicine at Bridgeport, Conn., since October, 1868.

Since living in Connecticut he has served in the State National Guard for seven years, four years as surgeon of the Fourth regiment, and three as medical director upon the staff of General T. L. Watson, the commanding general.

Dr. Porter was president (1888-'89) of the Connecticut Medical Society ; vice-president of the section on military surgery, 1887, of the Ninth International Medical Congress ; member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion ; of the 32d degree of the Masonic fraternity ; and of the G. A. R. He has been visiting physician to the Hartford Retreat since 1880.

In 1882, Dr. Porter published in the *New England Medical Monthly* a "Report of a Case of Xanthic Oxide Calculus," the only specimen ever recognized in this country and the eighth on record. He is also the author of many other valuable papers.

Married, in 1862, Miss Catherine Maria, daughter of M. Chaffee, the inventor of the Chaffee cylinder for vulcanizing rubber, Providence, R. I. Their children are: Clara Elizabeth, George, James Benton, Ethel, Lindsay, May, Alice, Aaron, Hugh, Grace, Anna, and Clarissa Porter.

GEN. ISRAEL PUTNAM'S PORTER ANCESTRY.

“Old Put” was half Porter, and this may account for some of his grit. His father, Joseph Putnam, married at Salem Village, 21 April, 1690, Elizabeth, daughter of Israel and Elizabeth (Hathorne) Porter who was born 7 Oct., 1673 and died in 1746. Mrs. Putnam’s mother was a sister of Hon. John Hathorne, locally one of the most influential men of his day. After Joseph Putnam’s death, his widow married 1st May, 1727, Capt. Thomas Perley, of Boxford. The numerous “sisters, cousins and aunts,” etc., of Gen. Putnam are accounted for by this second marriage, and by the intermarriage of four of his brothers and sisters with other Putnams, and two with Perleys.

Joseph Putnam was noted for his outspoken opposition to the witchcraft persecutions.

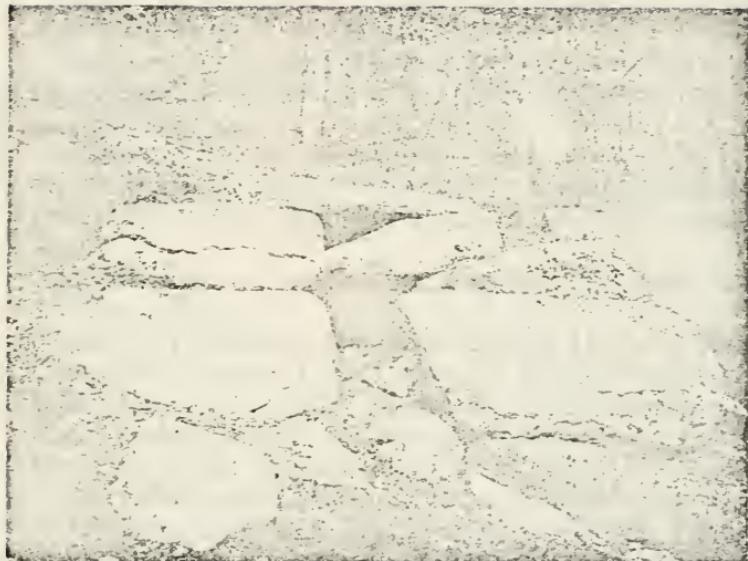
Probably no more ridiculous notion was ever entertained than that of the lowly origin of Israel Putnam. On his father’s side he could count twenty generations of ancestors, and was also on his mother’s side connected with the most prominent Salem families.

Israel Porter, his grandfather, was a son of John Porter, and is styled “Mr.” on the records, a prefix of great respect in those days.

We give a view of the cave where Putnam shot his famous wolf. The cave has been largely filled in. An association has been formed to buy the cave and surrounding property.

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CAVE IN WHICH GEN. ISRAEL PUTNAM SHOT THE WOLF.

PORTERS IN THE REVOLUTION.

(Continued from Page V.)

Amos, commissioned first lieutenant, 2d. Berk. Co. Reg., April, 1778.

1st. Lt., 8th Co. 3d. Berks. Reg. Com'd Captain, 5 June, 1780; enl. 14 Oct., disc. 17 Oct., 1780; Col. David Rossiter's (Berks.) Reg., went to Rhode Island; enl. 18 Oct., disc. 21 Oct., 1780, same regiment.

Amos, sergt. in Rossiter's regiment, 17 Oct. to 21 Oct., 1780. R. I. service.

Amos, of Lynn, in Capt. Dan'l Parker's company, 19 April, 1775.

Amos, of Chelsea, in Capt. Sam'l Sprague's company, 19 April, 1775; disc. 16 May, 1775.

Amos, of _____, 1st Lt., enl. 18 July, disc. 22 Aug., 1779, Capt. Sam'l Goodrich, Lt. Col. Miles Rowell's Reg. Service at New Haven.

Amos. of Lenox, Lexington Alarm, enl. 5 May, 1775, 8 month's service (siege of Boston). Commissioned 2d. Lt., 31 Oct., 1775. Capt. Dibble's Co., Col. John Paterson's (26th) Reg.

Amos of _____, received bounty for three years; enlistment 25 Mar., 1781.

Asa. of Berkshire, mustered 8 Feb., 1777 for three years, Capt. Jere. Miller, Col. Vose. In Invalid Corps at Boston, 1 Oct., to 1 Dec., 1780, from Capt. McFarland's company, Col. Vose's regiment. As of Lanesboro, served in Capt. Green's Co., Col. Vose's Reg., 1 Jan., to 31 Dec., 1780. Invalided.

Asa. of Wenham. Corp. in Capt. Kimball's Co., Col. Mansfield's Reg., at Winter Hill, 6 Oct., 1775; enl. 1 April, 1777, for three years of war. Capt. Billy Porter's company in Col. Benj. Tupper's regiment. (10 Regt., Col. Eben'r Francis). Corporal in 1781. Credited to Boxford, enl. 9 Dec., 1779, by Capt. Porter, and assigned to Capt. Emerson, 10th Regt. In service, 1781.

Asa, of Groton, served six days, Lexington Alarm. Capt. Asa Lawrence's company, enl. in the army. As corporal, served in Capt. Thomas Warren's Co., Col. Brook's Reg., at White Plains, 31 Oct., 1776.

Asa, of Groton, 19 April, 1775, Capt. Josiah Sartell's Co.

Asa, of _____, served 3 years in 5th Mass. Reg.

Asa, enl. 14 Feb., 1777, deserted from Col. Bailey's regiment, 15 Feb., 1777.

Asa, of _____, Sgt., in Capt. John Minott's Co., Col. Dike's Reg. 1776-7.

Asa, (of Wenham?) enl. 16 Dec., 1776, disc. 15 Mar., 1777, Capt. John Dodge's company, Col. Pickering's Reg.

10 Oct., 1654.

Jona. Porter of Salem, planter, hath sold unto James Chichester, his dwelling house & land adjacent, 1 3-4 A. Sd James to freely allow & give meat, drink & lodging to his wife Eunice Porter, durin her widowhood in case the said Jona shall dye before her, as by deed, 2 Oct., 1654. Essex Deeds, vol. 1., 26 (63.)

HOW OUR ANCESTORS LIVED.

An interesting study is that relating to the domestic life of our ancestors in old England.

The present class of English country gentlemen is the outcome of three centuries of constant development.

Three hundred years ago the country squire was more often than otherwise a man of brutal and sensual pleasures, little education, poor morals, bigoted to the extreme, alive to his own interests and regardless of all others. The picture drawn by Macaulay and by Hubert Hall of the life and times of the landed class of England, then, is not one to dwell upon with pride. The yeomanry, a far more important and privileged class then than now, were of better morals, and of more value to the country than the gentleman or noble. The latter, if a courtier, was most likely a rake, and the women of that class were sunk to a degree of infamy hardly possible to conceive.

The destruction of the influence of the church of Rome was a terrible blow to the morals of the nation and not till the great Puritanical movement stopped the further degeneration of private and public morals, did affairs improve. The Puritans were mostly of the middle class and yeomanry, but numbered many persons of gentle blood. The gradual division of estates and multiplication of families constantly operated to add to the ranks of yeomen, as the increase of wealth by trade, on the other hand, brought new families to the fore.

How then did the country gentleman and yeoman of the sixteenth century live? His house was often quite strongly fortified. The lower story at least was built of stone or rubble, and the upper of heavy timber. Many gables and corners gave a certain beauty to the architecture.

Frequently there was a large hall in which were often to be found farming implements as well as weapons of war and the chase, and here too was held the manorial court, if the proprietor was lord of the manor, and all gatherings of like nature. About the room were hung tapestries and across the beams supporting the roof were sometimes placed boards to form a rough loft. There was a chamber in the second story where the family slept and chambers down stairs for the retainers and servants as well as offices. Sometimes the re-

ception room was a breakfast and sleeping apartment as well, so occupied by the master of the house and his entire family. Large open fire-places gave opportunity for ventilation and heat. The houses of the greater gentry were more elaborately arranged and perhaps there was more privacy, but the greater number of retainers and guests to be housed must have caused an equal crowding and inconvenience.

The early houses of the first settlers of New England allowed more opportunities for privacy and decency than those of the lesser country gentlemen in the old country at the close of the sixteenth century; but even here servants of both sexes shared a common loft, and, apparently, not infrequently the same bed, although the hand of church and justice was severe against all infringements of the dictates of morality.

The style of overhanging second story, so often seen here, was brought from England and was particularly well adapted for purposes of defence against Indian attack.

The furniture of the rooms was scant and of heavy and substantial material, grotesquely and often beautifully carved. Household articles, such as feather-beds, kitchen utensils, etc., were bequeathed in wills, showing that those articles of furniture were highly valued. So, too, with wearing apparel.

The ordinary meal consisted of but two, three or four dishes, broth, boiled or fried meats, fish and pudding, the last eaten first; fish formerly followed the meat. Confections were highly esteemed. The commoner sort of people relied upon salt fish and salt beef, particularly at such periods of the year when pasturage could not be obtained for the herds. Meats of all kinds, beef, mutton, lamb, venison, pork, were in general use, also poultry and game birds. Eggs and milk were used freely. As coffee and tea were unknown, wines, ales and beer were commonly drunk at all meals, of course beer being the most used. In New England, beer was in a great measure supplanted by cider as soon as the orchards could provide that refreshing drink. Meats were fried in oil, and the table garnished upon festive occasions with rosemary. Marriages, at one time celebrated with great pomp and at great expense, gradually came to be done as privately and quietly as possible, a custom long continued by the people of New England.

The manners, like the times, were rough and coarse; but the Puritans were far above the rest of the people in morals and education, which in the middle of the sixteenth century had taken great strides in advance.

From the hasty sketch here given, drawn from original sources, the manner of living as practiced in the sixteenth century can be roughly realized and some idea obtained as to the habits and customs of the immediate ancestors of the early settlers of New England.—*Selected.*

Porter Leaflets.

Devoted to the history and genealogy of the Porters everywhere and of whatever family.

VOL. I. June, SALEM, MASS. 1895 No. 4.

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Entered at the Post Office at Salem, Mass., as second class matter.

WAIFS AND STRAYS.

James Porter served seven weeks, five days, in garrison at Northfield, 31 May to 24 July, 1722. He received therefor. £1-18-6.—*Mass. Arch.* v. 91, f. 30.

John Porter of Wenham, aged 85, deposes that he knew John Knight, late of Beverly, mason, etc., Jan. 1742-3.—*Executions, Essex.*

Warren Porter, of Danvers, was sergeant in company of Capt. Jesse Putnam and was stationed at Salem, 22 Sept. to 31 Oct., 1814. Alfred Porter was a corporal in same company.

Farmer John Porter is among those who refused to pay charges to Topsfield for building meeting house and minister's house, 1663. His assessment was £2-2-6.

Col. Elisha Porter commanded a regiment raised in Hampshire, in 1779. At one time he was stationed in New London.

John Barnes of Salem Village vs. John Porter, Jr. of same.

Barnes was servant of Sergeant John Porter and dwelt in his family and asserts in his complaint that his master's son came home to his father's, and dwelling in the house did often greatly disturb the family and particularly abused said Barnes. As Sgt. Porter is powerless to prevent the trouble, cannot stay longer in the family unless the abuse is abated. Desires Court to take the matter under consideration.—*Essex County Court files. 1668.*

John Porter, Sr., of Salem Village, aged 73, 1669.

WINGRAVE, BUCKS.

1555. 15 Aug., Robert Porter and Margery Duncombe married. Their daughter Alice, bapt. 31 Dec., 1556. Godfather, John Bate : godmother, Alice Duncombe.

A John Porter was a resident of East Worldham and Thomas Porter of Newton Valence, co. Southampton, England, 4th Charles I.—*Lay Subsidies*.

PORTER GENEALOGIES.

We have had a request for copies of both Porter Genealogies. If any of our readers have duplicates which they care to dispose of, they will confer a favor to others of the family by stating what they will sell or exchange for.

There are many Porters in the South. We hope to hear from them.

THE PROCEEDINGS.

We regret that we are unable to print our usual installment of the proceedings at the Danvers reunion this month for the same reason as omitted in last issue, i. e. failure to receive copy from committee in charge who are handicapped by the failure of the speakers to revise the manuscript submitted to them.

THE LEAFLETS.

We have received a very encouraging response from the circulars and sample copies of the LEAFLETS sent out, not only from those present at Danvers a year ago but from Porters who never heard of that pleasant occasion. The love of family and desire to know what has been done by others bearing the name, has brought us many letters and subscriptions. Any subscriber who has failed to receive all the preceding numbers will be supplied if notice is sent of numbers lacking. We have promises of many photographs for reproduction, the cost, \$3, being very reasonable, and the interest which attaches to such illustrations is very great.

wright, Anne Hutchinson, and their followers. Having been ordered to leave the colony, or renounce his opinions, he removed to Rhode Island in 1637. The facts concerning these two persons have been often confused, but with this statement borne in mind, the history of each may be distinctly traced.

December 3, 1643, John Porter, of Hingham, bought the farm described in the deed as "north of Mr. Skeltons for 5 shillings per acre of Elder Sharpe," and moved his family to Salem village during the following year. In Salem were settled many people from county Dorset, England, his birth-place and former home, and this may have been the motive for a change of residence, but it seems probable that, as a *tanner*, he saw the natural advantages for prosecuting his trade in this locality. The remains of his tan-yard were discovered only a few years since by the late John Payne.

I am aware that land was granted to Philemon Dickerman in 1639, "as a place for tan pits and the dressing of skins," but as no record can be found that this grant was ever accepted, I shall claim for our ancestor that which tradition has always accorded him, the establishment of the first tannery in New England. How much John Porter did as a citizen, for the people of his time and for those who have come after him, in his own line of trade!

Prior to this each family tanned such leather as might be required for its own members by a crude and tedious method. A hemlock log was hollowed out. The hides, cut into strips, were placed in the hollow of the log, and oak bark, pounded by hand with a mallet, filled and covered the hides, which were left for a long time, until they should become thoroughly tanned.

These were days of "beginnings," and a new process was inaugurated,—that of tanning whole hides in vats, and the sale of the product to the colonists.

The business thus established has grown steadily in magnitude, until the hide and leather trade has assumed an importance second to none in New England.

The records of Massachusetts Bay concerning the trial of

his eldest son, reveal to us the fact that John Porter exported at least two shipments to the Barbados—perhaps inaugurating the export leather business, which is now so profitable and extensive!

Standing so near this historic spot, surrounded on every side by the civilization of the nineteenth century, it is difficult for us to realize the conditions which existed when John Porter landed here, to become a citizen of Salem, in 1644.

There were no roads through the country; the only route was by water. He came across Massachusetts Bay, probably in a canoe, passing from Salem up the river, and landing at the creek, on the "Plains." The house was probably only a one-story log cabin, standing near the site of the house afterwards built by him, a little to the east of the main road through the village.

To speak of the home without mention of the wife and mother would be unnatural. Indeed, we cannot estimate how much John Porter, as a citizen, owed to a courageous, sterling, industrious, Christian wife! Mary, wife of John Porter, was a helpmeet indeed.

Felt's "Annals of Salem" has this simple record of her life: "Joined church in Salem, 1644." "Died at Salem, 1676."

Her character may possibly be revealed to us in the names of her children,—John, Samuel, Benjamin, Joseph, and Israel—strong, scriptural names.

At the time of her removal from Hingham, she was thirty-three years old. Her family consisted of five boys, all under nine years of age; the youngest (little Israel), a baby in her arms. What a responsibility for a young mother, on the very edge of the wilderness!

Wolves howled in the near forest; wandering Indians liable to make sudden raids,—her motherly anxiety about the lives of her children must have been intense.

The mother spun the yarn, wove the cloth, acted both as tailor and dressmaker for the family, acted as teacher, secular and religious,—there were no Sunday-schools in those days—besides attending to the ordinary household and family

duties. The loom served for the piano, the large spinning-wheel as a substitute for the modern bicycle. Her library was probably limited to the Bible, " Bay Hymn Book," the " Catechism " of 1641, and the " Almanack published in Salem."

We can almost see her, busily employed at the large chimney at one end of the room, with the hanging crane and iron pot suspended from it, preparing food for her hungry family, stopping occasionally to turn the hour-glass which stands on the shelf above the fire-place, anxiously awaiting the safe arrival of her dear ones, as they may be absent from home. With such manifold duties to perform, is it strange that no record is found that she ever organized women's societies or clubs?

Her field may appear to us as limited, but who can measure the influence of the Puritan mother upon posterity, or estimate her part in making it possible for the husband to fulfil his duties as an American citizen!

The women of that period were restricted by orders from the general court, affecting dress and manner of life, which if enforced to-day would condemn nearly every woman in this company. In 1639, the order was issued that " no sleeves were to be worn more than one half ell in the widest place—and no lace or other trimmings allowed."

What would Mary Porter think if she could look over this assembly to-day, and know that women of the nineteenth century are allowed the freedom of full measure, double width cloth, in breadth of sleeves! If John Porter could be here in person, we fear such a spectacle would influence him to order all his male children home with their wives, for change of raiment and future retribution.

It is not unusual to find, in the histories of that time, references to the " avoidance of immoderately large sleeves." During his connection with the general court John Porter voted for other measures which would appear equally absurd in modern times.

John Porter's life, as a citizen of Salem, was full of every-day detail. In addition to his tannery, he devoted much time

to agriculture, and at the time of his death was the largest landholder in Salem village. We may think of him as superintending the preparation of the soil, the planting and gathering of the crops,—a very busy man—yet finding time to attend the annual town meeting, and bearing his full share of public burden, both in religious and civil life.

In 1649 John Porter was elected one of the "Seven men" (selectmen) of Salem, and for many years was re-elected to the same office. The act of 1642, required "That the selectmen of every town in the colony should see, among other things, that the *boys* who were set to keep the cattle be set with some implements withal, as spinning or knitting, that there be no drones amongst us." In 1668 John Porter was again a member of the general court, elected by the voters of Salem.

In the agitation of religious controversy and excitement, he was always loyal to *his* church, having the courage to publicly express his opinions, and vote as he believed for the advantage of the church on all questions which concerned her interest.

He received his inspiration from the daily reading of the Bible in the home, and constant attendance upon the services in that little church building in Salem, which is described as 25 feet long, with gallery, a chimney for heating, 12 feet wide, at one end of the room; lighted by 6 windows, two on each side and two on the end; its walls of 1½ inch plank and boards matched, so as to afford protection from attack by the Indians.

While true to his own church, he was interested in the extension of gospel privileges to others. A pleasant feature is recorded in connection with the organization of the church in Topsfield, when he had nearly attained the "three score years and ten," and was approaching the evening of his days. The records of the church in Salem have this entry, Nov. 9, 1663: "John Porter and Rev. Mr. Higginson appointed to attend the gathering and organizing of a church, and the ordination of Pastor Thomas Gilbert at Topsfield."

It requires little imagination to picture these two delegates,

Porter Leaflets.

Devoted to the history and genealogy of the Porters everywhere and of whatever family.

VOL. I. July, SALEM, MASS. 1896 No. 5.

Published monthly and edited by EBEN PUTNAM. \$1 per annum. 10¢ per copy.

Entered at the Post Office at Salem, Mass., as second class matter.

RICHARD PORTER, IMMIGRANT.

On page 18 of the "Proceedings" occurs the statement that "the good ship Susan & Ellen, which sailed from Weymouth, England, March 20, 1635, included in its passenger lists "John Porter and wife," etc.

We print herewith a list of the company of Rev. Joseph Hull, as it appears in vol. 32, of Colonial Papers, No. 5.

1635, 20 March. List of 106 persons bound for New England from Weymouth.

Joseph Hall (i.e. Hull) of Somerset, minister, aged 40, wife Agnes, aet. 25, with seven children and three servants.

Musachull Bernard*, clothier, wife Mary and two sons.

Richard Persons*, salter, and servant.

Francis Bates*, chandler.

Joseph Joyner*.

Walter Jesop, weaver.

Timothy Tabor*, wife Jane, and four children.

William Reed*, wife Susan, and two daughters.

Richard Adams, wife Mary, child and servant.

Jackery Bicknell, wife Agnes, son and servant.

George Allen, wife Katherine, three sons and servant.

Henry Kingman, wife Joan, five children and servant.

William King, wife Dorothy, and four children.

Thomas Holbrook of Broadway, wife Jane and four children.

Thomas Dibble, husbandman and sister Frances.

Robert Lovell, husbandman, wife Elizabeth, five children and servant, Alice Kinham.

Angell Holland, wife Katherine, and two servants.

*Of Batecombe.

Richard Joans of Dindar.

Robert Martyn*.

Joan Martyn*.

Humphry Shepard.

John Upham, wife Elizabeth, five children.

Richard Wade, wife Elizabeth, daughter Dinah, and two servants.

John Hoble,
Robert Huste,
John Woodcock,
Richard Porter,

} husbandmen.

The return is resigned by John Porter deputy clerk to Edward Thoroughgood.

Batecombe in Somerset was the home of one branch of the Gorges family, to which stock belonged Sir Ferdinando Gorges, whose son Robert attempted to found a colony at Weymouth, N. E., in 1623, and it was to Weymouth that this or of immigrants came, in 1635, under the leadership of Rev. Joseph Hull, who, later, in 1642, was settled at Yarmouth and still later preached in Maine and at the Isle of Shoals. He died 19 Nov. 1665, leaving a widow Agnes.

Hull was a resident in Maine as early as 1643 and seems to have been connected with the Gorges party there. Phineas and Reuben Hull contemporaries, and residents of Kittery, Saugus and Portsmouth were very likely his sons. A daughter Joanna, married 28 Nov., 1639, John Bursley of Barnstable.

Weymouth is between Braintree and Hingham.

Many of the men who formed this company are at a later date found at Lynn, Salem, Sandwich, Weymouth and elsewhere, and at least one marriage took place between the passengers, for John Upham of Malden, one of those named, married in 1671, the widow, Catherine, of Angell Holland or Hollard.

Although the above list calls for 106 persons but 100 are enumerated, and the name of John Porter is missing while there does appear the name of Richard Porter, the early Weymouth settler.

*Of Batecombe.

NOTES.

27 Jan., 1672. At a meeting of the Selectmen. "And Farmer Porter hath liberty granted him to build a Pew the first plan on the north side of the west door."—*Salem Town Records*.

Abel Porter, probably a mariner, was a resident of either Portsmouth or Great Island, N. H., in 1672.

Mrs. Ida Porter, of Fairfield, Ct., wants her 4-year-old daughter, who was adopted by Mrs. Ashabel Penney, of Black Rock, three years ago. Mrs. Porter's husband was at that time in poor circumstances and went to the west. Now Mrs. Porter is able to care for the child and seeks to recover it. Mrs. Penney has a bill of sale of the baby.

NOTES FROM ENGLISH RECORDS.

George Porter was one of the inquisitors at the death of Thomas Wolley, gent., of Ware in Herts., 15 Aug., 1609.

John Porter, of Conynsby. Will proved 1560-61. Wife Elizabeth; sons Benjamin, Wm., George, John; daughters Margaret, Grace, Cicily, Mary, Abigail and Anne. fo. 33. *Loftes*. P. C. C.

John Porter and Joane Hayward, married 29 Sept., 1659.

Margaret Porter, buried 18 July, 1572.—*From St. Albans Abbey Registers*.

Johannes Porter of Ydelystr. Administration to John Bissh-
op and Joan Portere of Ydelystr, 1437. "Stoneham"
Arch. St. Albans.

THE JACKET FOR BINDING.

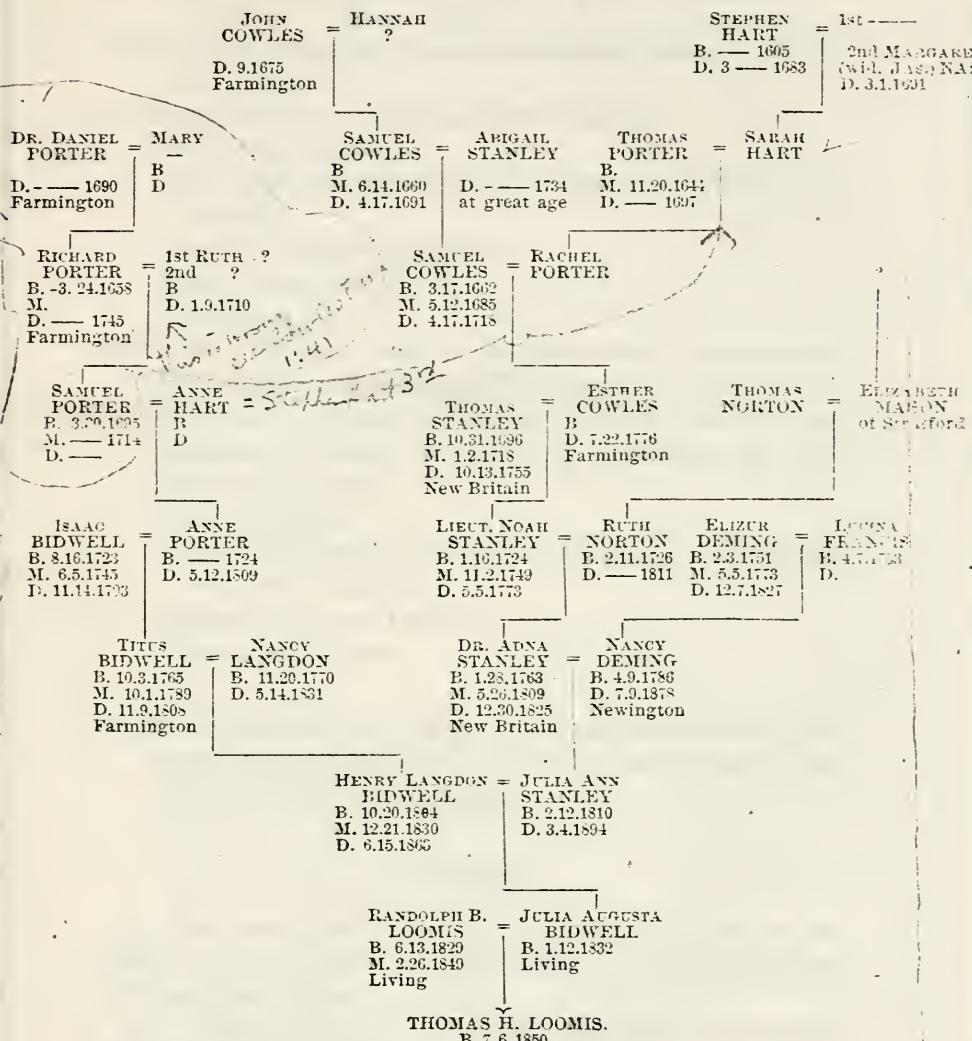
The Jacket for Binding will be furnished at end of volume of "Proceedings." It cannot be furnished in advance as it is a jacket for binding, not a binder for loose sheets, and it is necessary that the exact thickness of the volume be determined before the jacket is made. The price will be 25c.

OBITUARY.

John W. Porter, chief engineer of John Jacob Astor's yacht Nourmahal, died Saturday, Aug. 22, 1896. Mr. Porter was in the employ of the Astor family for many years.

Asa R. Porter, the oldest conductor but one on the original Old Colony railroad, and during the last 34 years the conductor of the Fall River line boat train, died at his home, Monday morning, Aug. 24, 1896, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis sustained a week ago Saturday. Mr. Porter was born Feb. 6, 1829, in East Randolph.

ANCESTRAL CHART OF THOMAS H. LOOMIS, OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.



Through an error in pagination, in order that pages will read aright in the bound volume, this, the July number, should be inserted between pages xix and xxii of the June issue.

PORTERS OF LAMBERHURST, CO. KENT, ENGLAND.

Being

ARMS. Sable, three bilts Argent, a canton Ermine. *Visitation of 1619.*

WILLIAM Porter of Markham, Notts, had sons,

Sir William, d. s. p.

John, from whom descend the Porters of Belton, Co. Lincoln.

Stephen, of whom hereafter.

Robert, Dean of Lincoln.

Henry, a monk.

STEPHEN (Williata) was of Begcham, and Lamberhurst.

His son Richard married a Wildegoose and had John of Begcham in Sussex, whose son Richard married Jane, daughter of Robert Whitfield, of Wadhurst, and had children as follows:

Four daughters.

John of Lamberhurst, died 1645, leaving a son Richard, born 1602; died 1654.

Richard, citizen of London.

Thomas, of Udmore.

NOTE. From this part of Kent, in the neighborhood of Cranbrook, came a great many of the most substantial of the first settlers of New England.

QUERIES.

1. Can some one supply the ancestry or clews to the same, of Dr. Daniel Porter (died 1690) and his wife Mary, of Farmington, Conn.
2. Thomas Porter of Hartford, died 1697, leaving descendants. Wanted his antecedents.
3. Richard Porter of Waterbury, died 1745; married 1st, Ruth. Will some one please supply *proofs* as to his parentage and ancestry. What was the name of his second wife, and her ancestry? The parentage of his first wife Ruth? When were Richard and Ruth married?

FROM THE CONNECTICUT SPECTATOR.

COMMUNICATED BY J. H. LOOMIS.

May 25, 1814. Died at Coventry,—Mrs. Lydia Porter, aged 77, wife of Deacon Jonathan Porter.

July 20, 1814. Died at Waterbury,—Mr. Nathan Porter, aged 64.

Aug. 10, 1814. Died at Clinton, N. Y.,—Mr. Amos Porter, aged 86, formerly of Berlin, Conn.

Nov. 2, 1814. Died at Norwich, on the 21st Oct.,—Mrs. Margaret Porter, aged 76, late of East Hartford.

Nov. 30, 1814. Married at East Windsor,—Dr. Jona. H. Sparhawk, of Hartford, to Miss Clarissa Porter, daughter of Dr. Daniel Porter.

Meh. 8, 1815. Married at Berlin, on the 27th ult.,—Dr. John A. Hart, of West Hartford to Miss Joan Porter.

July 26, 1815. Married at Hartford,—Mr. Samuel B. Woodward, of W. Hartford to Miss Maria Porter, daughter of Mr. Eleazer Porter.

Nov. 15, 1815. Died at New Hampshire,—Mrs. Melitable Porter, aged 19, wife of Mr. Edwin Porter.

PORTER FAMILY RECORD. A FEW TWIGS FROM A BRANCH
OF THE PORTER FAMILY.

This pamphlet, received from Cyrus Kinne Porter, of Buffalo, is an account of his Porter ancestry, and is nicely gotten up.

Beginning with Robert Porter of Farmington, Conn., 1649, who died in 1689, the line runs through Thomas, Nathaniel, Nathaniel, David, Welcome, Cyrus K.

The descendants of David⁵ are all recorded and the genealogy as a whole shows great care as to details.

COLLEGE GRADUATES.

Prior to 1800, the following Porters had graduated from Harvard, in the years set against their names.

Rev. Aaron, 1708	Samuel, 1764
Rev. Samuel, 1730	John, 1767
Rev. John, 1736	Rev. Nathaniel, 1768
Jabez, 1743	Rev. Huntington, 1777
Rev. Nehemiah, 1745	Jonathan, 1777
Elisha, 1761	Rev. Eliphalet, 1777
Adam, 1761	Jc'l'm, 1776
Asa, 1762	Jonathan Edwards, 1786
Samuel, 1763	Moses, 1799

Porter Leaflets.

Devoted to the history and genealogy of the Porters everywhere and of whatever family.

VOL. I. Jun., DANVERS, MASS. 1897 Nos. 6-10.

Published and edited by EBEN PUTNAM.

The records of the doings at the Porter reunion are now complete and have been published under the title of "The Porter Family. Proceedings at the reunion of the descendants of John Porter of Danvers, held at Danvers, Mass., July 17, 1895."

The several addresses printed give many valuable facts in the history of the family. Of course it is nothing like a genealogy, but much more interesting and particularly valuable to Porters hunting up Revolutionary ancestors.

Copies may be obtained of the publisher, Eben Putnam, Danvers, Mass., upon payment of \$1. A small edition was printed.

Unless a considerable number of new subscribers are obtained for the Leaflets, their publication will be discontinued with No. 12, the publisher having lost all the money he cares to on this publication. Should a hundred new subscribers be obtained he will continue and can promise many interesting accounts of Porters here and abroad, concerning whom he has collected a great deal of material. But this is a matter for others to decide.

The following offer is made; a complete set of the Leaflets including the two numbers to be published, but not including the supplements (the Proceedings) will be delivered to any person sending us 25c.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY.

Among the early families which helped to people Danvers and whose marriages have connected them with nearly every

CENSUS TAKING

1. The Census is taken every 10 years.

2. The Census is taken in the month of March.

3. The Census is taken in the month of April.

4. The Census is taken in the month of May.

5. The Census is taken in the month of June.

6. The Census is taken in the month of July.

7. The Census is taken in the month of August.

8. The Census is taken in the month of September.

9. The Census is taken in the month of October.

10. The Census is taken in the month of November.

11. The Census is taken in the month of December.

12. The Census is taken in the month of January.

13. The Census is taken in the month of February.

14. The Census is taken in the month of March.

15. The Census is taken in the month of April.

16. The Census is taken in the month of May.

17. The Census is taken in the month of June.

18. The Census is taken in the month of July.

19. The Census is taken in the month of August.

20. The Census is taken in the month of September.

21. The Census is taken in the month of October.

22. The Census is taken in the month of November.

23. The Census is taken in the month of December.

important family in that old town are the Hutchinsons. It is an armorial family of considerable antiquity. The brief account we here print is compiled from authentic sources.

BARNARD HUTCHINSON of Cowlam, co. York, East Riding, England, who, living at that place in 1282, was styled "armiger" or esquire. He married a daughter of John Boyville, Esq., who probably belonged to that honorable and ancient family of Boyville of Yorkshire. Their children were John, Robert, Mary, of whom JOHN was of Cowlam, and married Edith, daughter of William Wouldbie of Wouldbie, and had James, Barbara, Julia and Margaret.

JAMES of Cowlam, married Ursula Gregory of Nafferton near Cowlam, and had William, John, Barbara, a daughter unnamed, and Eleanor, of whom WILLIAM was also of Cowlam and married Anne, daughter William Bennet of Thleckley, in Yorkshire, and had Anthony, Oliver, Mary, Alice.

ANTHONY, of Cowlam, m. Judith, daughter of Thomas Crosland, Esq., who probably d. s. p. and he m. 2d, Isabel, daughter of Robert Harvie of Harvie, Esq., and had

William inherited Cowlam.

Thomas, ancestor of the N. E. Hutchinsons.

Richard, who was probably father of that Edward, the founder of the family of Hutchinson of Wyekhan Abbey in York, who in 1581 had a confirmation of the ancient arms of the family.

Leonard,

Edmond,

Francis,

Andrew.

THOMAS HUTCHINSON, second son, bought in the reign of Hen. VIII, the principal portion of Owthorpe in co. Nottingham. He also owned considerable real estate in the vicinity, being a lauded proprietor of some consequence. He lived at Cropwell Butler near Owthorpe. The mansion at the latter



place was not built till the time of Sir Thomas Hutchinson, his great-great-grandson, who was the father of the famous Col. John Hutchinson, born in 1616, and of George, both of whom were disinherited by their father who was a strong royalist.

Thomas Hutchinson married the daughter and heir of Drax (Drake) of Kinoulton in Notts. Thomas was living in 1550 when probably his wife was dead. Children, William, died in 1550, John neither of whom are represented by descendants male today, and Lawrence and perhaps Robert.

LAWRENCE HUTCHINSON made his will 21 July, 1577, at Tollerton, which was proved 9 Oct., 1577. He names wife, Isabel, and children, Robert, Thomas, Agnes, Richard and William, of whom THOMAS settled in Newark, co. Nottingham, and acquired considerable property, dying in 1598. His will identifies him by mention of his cousin, Thomas Hutchinson of Owthorpe, etc., etc. He had William, who died prior to his father's death, Thomas and Joan, of whom THOMAS inherited his father's estate and removed to Arnold near Nottingham shortly after 1600 and was there buried, 17 Aug., 1618, leaving a will in which he names his wife Alice, and children, who were all except Thomas, baptized 1605, baptized presumably at Newark.

Arnold, Cotgrave, and most of the other places mentioned all are within short distances of the city of Nottingham.

Children :

John, of Arnold, living in 1629 and born prior to or about 1590.

Isabel, m. prior to 1618, Adam Barker.

Humphrey of full age in 1618.

Elizabeth, ditto.

Robert, bapt., Newark, 6 Sept., 1601, died at Arnold, 1629. The witnesses to his will were John Hutchinson and Alice Hutchinson.

Richard, by his deposition on file at Salem, aet. 58 in 1660.

Thomas, bapt. Arnold, 16 June, 1605.

RICHARD HUTCHINSON married at Cotgrave, 7 Dec., 1627, Alice Bosworth, probably daughter of Mr. Joseph Bosworth who was connected with the Cathedral Church of Nottinghamshire at Southwell, where the family resided. Richard lived at North Muskham, about five miles north of Newark, until 1635 or 1636, when he migrated to New England.

Children:

Alice, bapt. N. Muskham, 27 Sept., 1628, d. 1628.

Elizabeth, bapt. Arnold, 30 Aug., 1629. She died at Salem Village, 24 June, 1688-9, the wife of Nathaniel Putnam.

Mary, bapt. North Muskham, 28 Dec., 1630; d. 22 Oct., 1688; m. 26 May, 1657, Thomas Hale of Newbury,

Mass. Her daughter Mary married Edward Putnam. Rebecca, b. about 1632; m. May, 1658, James Hadlock of Salem.

Joseph, aet. 27 in 1660. He is the ancestor of all the Danvers Hutchinsons.

Abigail, bapt. Salem, 25 Dec., 1636; m. Anthony Ashby of Salem.

Hannah, bapt. Salem, 20 June, 1639; m. 12 Apr., 1662, Daniel Boardman of Ipswich.

John, b. May, 1643; d. 1676; m. July, 1672, Sarah, daughter of John and Rebecca Putnam. By her he had Sarah, whom Deacon Joseph Whipple.*

Richard, the father, married as a second wife, Oct., 1668, Susanna, widow of Samuel Archer. She d. 26 Nov., 1674, and he m. 3d, Sarah, widow of James Standish. Richard Hutchinson's will is printed in Perley Derby's Hutchinson family. It was dated 19 Jan., 1679, and proved 26 Sept., 1628. In it he mentions his son-in-law as named above. His land in Danvers bounded the Putnam and Porter grants to the southward and covered the westerly portion of the "Plains" toward the "Centre" and Beaver Brook.

Arms. Per pale gules and azure, semée of cross crosslets or, a lion rampant argent.

Crest. Out of a ducal coronet or, a cockatrice with wings endorsed azure, beaked, combed and wattled gules.

*For an account of the Whipples of Ipswich and Danvers, see Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine, Vols. II and III.

Porter Leaflets.

Devoted to the history and genealogy of the Porters everywhere and of whatever family

VOL. I. June, DANVERS, MASS. 1897 Nos. 10-12.

Published and edited by EBEN PUTNAM.

PORTERS IN THE REVOLUTION.

It had been our intention to print the entire service record of all Porters in the Revolution from Massachusetts, but the plan has been given up, at least for the present. We have selected the names of all those represented on the rolls, and have, as far as possible, given the residence. A star shows that the residence is not named in connection with the record of service, and that it is not known if the man is the same as others of the name with residence appended, or is the name of some one or more persons of the same name and of different localities. A comma separates different individuals.

The complete service record of any one of those named in this list will be supplied, together with the references to the original rolls, upon receipt of one dollar.

Asa*, also of Groton, of Lanesboro, of Ipswich; Aassa*; Ben*, of Warwick; Benjamin*, also of Montague (?), of Warwick, of Boxford, of Cumberland county (he was a surgeon's mate in the Penobscot expedition, 6 July, 4 Sept., 1779, v. 37, p. 137, see also Benj. Jones); Benjamin, of Freetown, of Danvers aet. 35 in 1779, of Beverly aet. 21 in 1780, of Warwick aet. 18 in 1780, of Bradford (?), of Deerfield (?), senior of Cumberland county perhaps North Yarmouth; Benjamin, jr., of Danvers; Sergeant Benjamin, of Danvers; Benjamin Jones, surgeon's mate in 1780 and 1782; Billy of Wenham (commissioned Lt. 7 June, 1775, Capt., 1 Jan., 1776, Major, Lt. Col., at West Point, 1780); Caesar, of Andover; Clifford, of Abington; Daniel, of Topsfield, of Braintree, of Londonderry, N. H., David*, of Abington, of Braintree, of Hampshire county, of Derry, of Braintree (fifer), in Revere's Artillery, surgeon's mate 4th reg. com. 10 April, 1780 (vol. 50, file I), 1st Lt. on ship Gen. Putnam on Penobscot Ex., in 1779 (afterward com. Capt. of the privateer Aurora, 2 Oct., 1780, and later of the privateers Prospect and Assurance); David, jr., of Abington; Dudley, of

Woburn, of Frye's reg.; Ebenezer*, of Haverhill (?), of Lynn (?), of Taunton, of Ipswich, of Middleboro (?); Edward, of Morristown (?); Eleazer*, of Belchertown (?); Eleazer M., paymaster at West Point, 1778 (also surgeon's mate, 1778, died in service 22 Feb., 1779); Elijah, of Berkeley, sergeant; Eliphalet, in R. I. ex., 1777; Elisha*, of Hadley (Col., 19 Jan., 1779, com. 8 Feb., 1776, was at New London under Gen. Gates); Ephraim, in Peter Porter's company of Berks county, of Sprout's Reg., enlisted at Newburgh, of Becket aet. 17, of Great Barrington; Ezekiel, of Groton aet. 18 in 1780, of Northampton, of Berkshire, of Morrisstown, in Col. Elisha Porter's reg.; Eza, of Deerfield; Ezra*, on frigate Deane 1782, of Deerfield, of Sunderland, in Poore's reg.; Ezra, jr., in Poore's reg.; Francis*, of Wenham; Fred, of Kennebec, on the brigantine Hazard in 1777; Frederick, in Heald's reg., in Penobscot ex., on the Tyrannicide, 1777; George*, of Taunton, of Rehoboth; Henry, of Northampton (Capt.), in Hampshire reg., 1782; Ichabod, in Deane's reg., in Willmath's reg., in Carpenter's reg.; Isaac, of Wenham, of South Hadley, of Weymouth (?); J.*; Jacob*, of Weymouth, of Abington, of Littleton, of Bristol county; James*, of Danvers; Jesse, of Shelburne (died 16 June, 1775, leaving widow Mary); Joel*, of Groton, of Needham; John*, of Lincoln, of Winchendon, of Ipswich, of Wrentham, of Littleton, of West Springfield; also another (a lieutenant) of West Springfield, of Marblehead, of Berks Co., of Groton, Capt., Major*; John, jr., of Beverly; John, of Danbury, another captain was of Bridgewater, of Abington; several of this name are unlocated; Jonathan*, of Middleton, of Salem, in Elisha Porter's reg., of Boxford, of Woburn, sergeant, surgeon's mate,* lieutenant*; Joseph*, of Braintree, of Rehoboth, of Danvers, of Sandwich, aet. 47 in 1777, of Taunton, of Berks county, of Northfield (?), of Weymouth (?), of Stoughton, of Braintree, of Bridgewater (?), of Charlmont aet. 18 in 1780, of Westborough, of Hampshire county, 1st Lt., of Danvers, Lt.*; Joshua*, of Rehoboth; Josiah, of Woburn; Levi*, of Sunderland; Lord, of Rehoboth (?); Loved (?)*; Lovel, of Rehoboth; Matthew,

of Rehoboth, of Weymouth (?) ; Micah, of Braintree, of Weymouth ; Moses (General), of Boxford, of Marblehead ; Nathan, of Danvers, of Berkshire ; Nathaniel*, of Wenham, of Essex county, of Stockbridge, of Berkshire, of Andover, of Pittsfield ; Neptune, negro ; Noah, of Charlestown, N. H. ; Oliver, of Lee (?) ; Peter (Captain), of Becket, of Danvers, of Wenham (?) ; Plavett, on the frigate Boston ; Raphael, of Lenox, of Lee (?) ; Richard*, of Marblehead ; Robert*, of Stoughton, of Barnstable ; Sam, of Richmond ; Samuel*, of Boxford, of Roxbury, of Ipswich, of Taunton, of Salem, of Rutland, of Braintree, on the brigantine Massachusetts and on the Tyrannicide, 2d Lieut. ; Scipeo, of Wenham ; Seth, of Abington ; Seward, of North Casco, probably the same as Steward of Falmouth ; Silas*, of Hatfield aet. 20 in 1780 ; Lt. Simeon, of Berkshire county ; Thomas*, of Braintree, of Wenham, of Weymouth, of Topsfield, of Danvers, of Boxford, of Essex county, Lt. ; Tyler*, of Boxford ; William*, of Plymouth county (?), of Bedford, of Beverly, of Salem, of Abington, of Essex county (Capt.).

PORTER ON IPSWICH RECORDS.

Anna Porter married Samuel Wallis, 7 July, 1696.

Lydia Porter, of Wenham, int. mar. with Wm. Lampson, 26 Oct., 1706.

Samuel Porter, of Salem, int. m. Mrs. Lucy Howe, of Ipswich, 15 Sept., 1722.

Edmund Porter, of Boston, int. m. Esther Perkins, widow, of Ipswich, 22 April, 1722.

Edward, of Edward and Esther Porter, of Boston, bapt. 28 Jan., 1721-2.

Esther, of the widow Esther Porter, bapt. 21 April, 1723.

Widow Esther Porter int. m. Joseph Lothrop, jr., of Norwich, Conn., 29 March, 1729.

Widow Esther Porter, of Ipswich, int. m. Aug. Harbin, of Ipswich, 10 April, 1731.

Nehemiah Porter, of Ipswich, int. of marriage with Hannah Smith, of Beverly, 19th 9th mo., 1716. Their children : Nehemiah, born 22 March, 1720 ; Samuel, b. 17 May, 1722 ; Hannah, b. 4 March, 1724 ; Sarah, b. 30 May, 1726 ; Lydia, b. 30 July, 1728 ; Hezadiah and Ebenezer, twins, b. 16 July, 1732.

Elizabeth Porter, of Wenham, int. m. Daniel Gilbert, 2 Dec., 1710.

QUERY.

David Porter, of Marlboro, N. H., a Revolutionary soldier, married (about 1780?) Laura Wood. Wanted, date. Address Albert Porter, box 251, East Hartford, Conn.

OBITUARY.

Wm. E. Porter, died 13 April, 1897, at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was born in Mercer, Pa., 14 May, 1862; removed to Brooklyn in 1874. For several years he was a commercial traveller for the National Papeterie Co. of Springfield; Mass.

John B. Porter, of Rockland, Me., son of John Porter, the founder of the Limerick Gazette, in 1846, died, aet. 52, 25 April, 1897. He was one of the owners of the Courier-Gazette. In early life he followed the sea. He was prominent in the Universalist church and a Free Mason. His widow, Mrs. Edna Porter, was a daughter of J. Fred Hall. Three sons survive: William, of Los Angeles, Fred, and Harold, both of Rockland.

Annie, daughter of Wm. and Mary Porter, died in Charlestown, April 25, 1897, aet. 9 mos. 8 days.

NOTES.

G. W. D. Porter, of Goshen, Tenn., who was in the Confederate service, lost his knapsack before Petersburg. It was returned to him about three years ago by the finder, Mr. Gibson, a Union soldier.

Frank M. Porter, of Wakefield, aet. 29, son of Herbert Porter, has recently established the printing house of Porter & Harrington, in Boston.

William Porter was slain at the first battle of St. Albans, 22 May, 1455.

A marriage license was issued 8 Jan., 1828-9, to Solomon Porter, of St. Michael's, bachelor, and Susan Woodward, of Abbot's Langley, maid, to be married at St. Albans, Eng.

PHOTOGRAPHS...

Views of the original homestead of John Porter; the landing place on Porter's River, and many Porter houses and of places of interest to descendants of John Porter as well as to residents of Danvers, can be had by addressing the undersigned.

The photographs are on 5 x 8 plates, mounted on 8 x 10 cards and comprise besides the above mentioned subjects, groups, portraits, etc., etc. New subjects are being added to our list from time to time. Catalogue furnished upon application.

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INTRODUCTION

